

North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services

Ebola Prevention and Response Training University Scenario

Objectives

- To recognize signs and symptoms of Ebola Virus Disease (EVD)
- To initiate rapid response measures
- To evaluate current response plans
- To strategize to respond more effectively to a potential EVD outbreak

Table Top Exercise Instructions

- Systematically think through the case as if it was a real scenario
- Participation and discussion is important
 - Teamwork
 - All comments and questions are valuable

Who is a Person Under Investigation for Ebola?

Clinical Criteria

• Fever ≥ 100.4°F

OR

- Any of the Following:
 - Headache
 - Muscle Pain
 - Vomiting
 - Diarrhea
 - Abdominal Pain
 - Unexplained bruising or bleeding

AND

Epidemiological Risk Factors

- Symptom onset within past 21 days of exposure to any of the following:
 - Contact with blood, other bodily fluids or human remains of patient known or suspected to have EVD
 - Residence in or travel to area where EVD transmission is active
 - Direct handling of bats or other non-human primates in endemic area

10/17/2014

Scenario

You are a physician at a student health center at a large university in North Carolina. You see a 21 year old male student who presents with a headache and a temperature of 102°F. He vomited in the library and now vomits in front of you.



Discussion

What other questions would you ask?



Scenario Continued

- Three weeks ago he did a practicum project over the winter break in Ivory Coast, and was working with a student from Nigeria for 1 month collecting data
- He denies any contact with people with Ebola
- He stayed in rural communities in Ivory Coast along the Liberia border for one month
- He also complains of diarrhea for the past two days
- He lives with 2 other roommates and his girlfriend

Discussion Continued

Could this be Ebola?



From the University Perspective

- When would it be necessary to contact the health department?
- How would you isolate the student at the school?
- What immediate measures would you employ to protect yourself and others in the student health center?
- Who else needs to be notified?
- What communication plan do you have to deal with this type of situation?
- How would you inform the other students and the university and what is your message to them?
- How would you handle student's waste at the school?
- How would you decontaminate the library and the student health center?
- What factors would lead you to make a decision to close the university?

From the Health Department Perspective...

- What is the CDC guidance on the evaluation of ill patients suspected of Ebola coming from West Africa?
- Which students at the university should be considered as "contacts" for contact tracing?
 - Who will be actively monitored?
 - Are there other persons who should be considered suspect Ebola cases and also isolated and sent for medical evaluation?
- What forms/instructions do you need? Are there any regulations that you need to comply with?
- What arrangements need to be made to accommodate and work with CDC investigators, DPH contact tracers, and the media, if necessary?

Acknowledgements

The North Carolina Division of Public Health expresses its appreciation to

Bhavini Patel Murthy, MD, MPH
Preventive Medicine
University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

Neil Chandra Murthy, MD, MPH Emergency Medicine

Duke University Medical Center

for their assistance in creating scenarios to better prepare local health department Epidemiological Teams for an Ebola Exposure event.

For more information, please contact the North Carolina Division of Public Health Communicable Disease Branch at 919-733-3419